**英语试题**

**注意事项:**

**1. 本试卷共四部分, 十大题, 满分 120 分, 考试时间为 120 分钟.**

**2. 全卷包括“试题卷”（8 页）和“答题卡”（2 页）两部分.**

**3. 请务必在“答题卡”上答题, 在“试题卷”上答题无效.**

**4. 考试结束后, 请将“试题卷”和“答题卡”一并交回.**

**审核人: 魏敬德老师**

**第一部分 听力（共四大题, 满分20分）**

**I. 短对话理解（共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分）**

**你将听到五段对话.每段对话后有一个小题, 请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项.每段对话读两遍.**

1. What does John like?

A.  B. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ C. 

2. What are the speakers probably going to do?

A.  B.  C. 

3. Who broke the glass?

A. Tom. B. The cat. C. Tom's mother.

4. Where can the woman get a new student card?

A. At the service center. B. In the dining hall. C. In the office building.

5. What is the man?

A. An officer. B. A waiter. C. A farmer.

**II. 长对话理解（共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分）**

**你将听到两段对话.每段对话后有几个小题, 请在每小题所给的A、 B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项.每段对话读两遍.**

听下面一段对话, 回答问题.

6. When did the man make his first speech?

A. Last week. B. Last month. C. Last year.

7. How did the man feel at first?

A. Excited. B. Nervous. C. Surprised.

听下面一段对话, 回答问题.

8. What is the woman's dream?

A. To be an actress. B. To be a writer. C. To be a doctor.

9. Why did the man change his dream?

A. He likes reading books. B. Writing makes him happy. C. He works for a newspaper.

10. What will the man probably do next month?

A. Visit a primary school. B. Give a talk about future. C. Take part in a competition.

**III. 短文理解（共5 小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分）**

你将听到一篇短文.短文后有五个小题, 请根据短文内容, 在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项.短文读两遍.

11. Where does the speaker's father probably work?

A. In a car factory. B. In a school. C. In a book store.

12. How long does it take the speaker to go to school by car?

A. About 20 minutes. B. About 30 minutes. C. About 40 minutes.

13. Why does the speaker like math?

A. Because of the speaker's teacher.

B. Because of the speaker's mother.

C. Because of the speaker's father.

14. What do the speaker and the father usually do at the weekend?

A. Cook dinner. B. Go to the library. C. Enjoy music.

15. What does the speaker express in the end?

A. Interest. B. Pride. C. Thanks.

**IV. 信息转换（共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分）**

你将听到一篇短文.请根据短文内容, 写出下面表格中所缺的单词, 每空仅填一词.短文读两遍.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| It's important to learn how to \_\_\_\_\_\_ | | |
| Reasons | It helps us to make friends. | ●to help others to feel cared about  ●to show that we are \_\_\_\_\_\_ and friendly |
| It teaches us how to be fair. | ●to think about the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of other people and your own |
| It gives us a \_\_\_\_\_\_ of purpose. | ●to do something meaningful for others  ●to make us feel good about \_\_\_\_\_\_ |

**第二部分语言知识运用（共三大题, 满分35分）**

**V. 单项填空（共 10 小题;每小题 1分, 满分 10分）**

**从每小题所给的A、 B、C、D四个选项中选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项.**

1. —Art serves as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between different nations.

—Yes. It really helps cross-cultural communication.

A. river B. wall C. palace D. bridge

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：——艺术是不同国家之间的桥梁。 ——是的。它真的有助于跨文化交流。

考查名词辨析。river河流；wall墙；palace宫殿；bridge桥梁。根据“Art serves as a...between different nations”可知，此处是指艺术是不同国家之间交流的一座桥梁。故选D。

2. In summer, the trees we planted in the school are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with green leaves.

A. thick B. soft C. clear D. light

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：夏天，我们在学校里种的树长满了绿叶。

考查形容词辨析。thick茂密的；soft柔软的；clear清楚的；light轻的。根据“In summer, the trees we planted in the school are...with green leaves.”和常识可知，夏天树上叶子很茂密。be thick with“充满……”。故选A。

3. With its famous mountains, lakes, and towns, Anhui has so much to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tourists.

A. guard B. offer C. push D. cost

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：安徽有着著名的山脉、湖泊和城镇，可以为游客提供很多。

考查动词辨析。guard保卫；offer提供；push推；cost花费。根据“Anhui has so much to…tourists”可知，此处指安徽可以提供给游客很多美景。故选B。

4. There can be some trouble at the beginning, but things will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ well in the end.

A. break up B. give up C. set out D. turn out

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：开始时可能会有一些麻烦，但最终会好起来的。

考查动词短语。break up（使）破碎；give up放弃；set out动身；turn out结果是，最后是。根据“in the end.”和“There can be some trouble at the beginning”可知，最终的结果都会是好的，故选D。

5. —Could you tell us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we can start a conversation with a foreigner?

—Talking about weather is a good choice.

A. how B. whether C. why D. when

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你能告诉我们如何与外国人开始对话吗？——谈论天气是个不错的选择。

考查宾语从句的引导词。how如何；whether是否；why为什么；when什么时候。根据“we can start a conversation with a foreigner”以及“Talking about weather is a good choice.”可知是如何与外国人开始对话，用how引导宾语从句。故选A。

6. —Excuse me, may I use your dictionary? I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mine behind.

—Sure. Here you are.

A. leave B. have left C. will leave D. was leaving

【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——对不起，我可以用一下你的字典吗？我把我的落下了。——当然。给你。

考查动词时态。分析句子可知，字典落下了，所以借用对方的，强调过去的动作对现在造成了影响，应为现在完成时，结构是have/has done。故选B。

7. —Your grandpa climbed the hill so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that I couldn’t keep up with him.

—He takes exercise every day.

A. quickly B. difficultly C. patiently D. differently

【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你爷爷爬山太快了，我跟不上他。——他每天都锻炼。

考查副词辨析。quickly快速地；difficultly困难地；patiently耐心地；differently不同地。根据“that I couldn’t keep up with him”可知，爷爷爬山很快，“我”跟不上。故选A。

8. —There is still a long way to go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we finish the task.

—Don’t worry. Let’s go on with it together.

A. as long as B. as soon as C. before D. because

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——离我们完成任务还有很长的路要走。——别担心。让我们一起继续做下去。

考查连词辨析。as long as只要；as soon as一……就；before在……之前；because因为。根据“There is still a long way to go...we finish the task.”以及“Let’s go on with it together”可知是在完成任务之前还有很长的路要走。故选C。

9. The 2024 Paris Olympic Games \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this July. Don’t miss it.

A. holds B. will hold C. is held D. will be held

【答案】D

【解析】

【详解】句意：2024年巴黎奥运会将于今年7月举行。不要错过。

考查被动语态。主语Olympic Games和动词hold“举行”之间是被动关系，结合“this July.”和“The 2024”可知，应用一般将来时的被动语态will be done，故选D。

10. —The National Museum of China is just five minutes’ walk away. We don’t have to take a taxi.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ We can go there on foot.

A. My pleasure. B. Take care. C. That’s right! D. Good luck!

【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——中国国家博物馆离这里只有五分钟的步行路程。我们不需要坐出租车。——没错！我们可以步行去那里。

考查情景交际。My pleasure.我的荣幸；Take care.当心；That’s right!没错；Good luck!祝你好运。根据“We don’t have to take a taxi.”及“We can go there on foot.”可知，此处指同意对方的观点，That’s right符合语境。故选C。

**VI. 完形填空（共20小题; 每小题1分, 满分20分）**

**阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项.**

**A**

Pets aren’t just a fun member of the family. They are also good for your health and happiness.

People with pets are more likely (可能的) to be \_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_. Playing with a cat or taking a dog for daily \_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_ around the garden gets you moving your body, and out in the fresh air too.

Spending time with your pet helps you get \_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_. Talking to your pet about your worries can make you feel comfortable and helps you feel \_\_\_\_14\_\_\_\_. When you’re with your pet, you can let go of problems \_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_ you give them your full attention.

Having an animal in the family helps you learn new \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_, like how to teach them to understand orders, such as “Sit” or “Lie down”. \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_ games to play with them allows you to practice being creative. Learning how to \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_ pets, understanding what they want and making sure that they live \_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_, teaches you to understand others’ feelings. Pets can also help you get to know other dog owners on walks, or help you become \_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_ with them when you tell funny stories about your pets.

11. A. active B. careful C. useful D. modern

12. A. tests B. talks C. showers D. walks

13. A. tired B. touched C. relaxed D. bored

14. A. prouder B. better C. wiser D. cuter

15. A. even if B. as C. as if D. unless

16. A. skills B. languages C. cultures D. spirits

17. A. Watching B. Attending C. Inventing D. Winning

18. A. wake up B. search for C. depend on D. look after

19. A. quietly B. happily C. lazily D. busily

20. A. friends B. relatives C. trainers D. members

【答案】11. A 12. D 13. C 14. B 15. B 16. A 17. C 18. D 19. B 20. A

【解析】

【导语】本文介绍了养宠物的好处。

【11题详解】

句意：养宠物的人可能更活跃。

active活跃的；careful认真的；useful有用的 ；modern现代的。根据“gets you moving your body, and out in the fresh air too.”可知，养宠物可以帮助你活动身体，故养宠物的人会更活跃。故选A。

【12题详解】

句意：每天和猫玩耍或在花园里遛狗可以让你的身体动起来，也可以呼吸到新鲜的空气。

tests测试；talks谈话；showers淋浴；walks散步。根据“taking a dog for daily…around the garden”可知，此处指每天在花园里带着狗散步。故选D。

【13题详解】

句意：花时间和你的宠物在一起可以帮助你放松。

tired劳累的；touched感动的；relaxed放松的；bored无聊的。根据“Talking to your pet about your worries can make you feel comfortable”可知，和宠物在一起会让你感到舒服放松。故选C。

【14题详解】

句意：与你的宠物谈论你的担忧可以让你感到舒适，并帮助你感觉更好。

prouder更骄傲的；better更好的；wiser更明智的；cuter更可爱的。根据“Talking to your pet about your worries can make you feel comfortable and helps you feel…”可知，和宠物在一起会让你感到舒服，让你感觉更好。故选B。

【15题详解】

句意：当你和你的宠物在一起时，你可以把所有的问题都放下，因为你给了它们你的全部注意力。

even if即使；as因为；as if好像；unless除非。根据“you can let go of problems…you give them your full attention”可知，和宠物在一起时，因为你把注意力都给了它们，所以你可以把自己的问题全部放下，故用as连接，引导原因状语从句。故选B。

【16题详解】

句意：家里有一只动物可以帮助你学习新技能，比如如何教它们理解命令，比如“坐下”或“躺下”。

skills技能；languages语言；cultures文化；spirits精神。根据“like how to teach them to understand orders…”可知，养宠物可以帮助你学习新技能，下文介绍了一些技能。故选A。

【17题详解】

句意：发明游戏和他们一起玩可以让你练习创造性。

Watching观看；Attending参加；Inventing发明；Winning赢得。根据“allows you to practice being creative”可知，发明一些可以和宠物玩的游戏可以让你锻炼创造力。故选C。

【18题详解】

句意：学习如何照顾宠物，了解它们想要什么，并确保它们快乐地生活，教会你理解别人的感受。

wake up醒来；search for搜寻；depend on依靠；look after照顾。根据“Learning how to…pets, understanding what they want and making sure that they live…”可知，此处指了解宠物的需求，学习如何照顾它们。故选D。

【19题详解】

句意：学习如何照顾宠物，了解它们想要什么，并确保它们快乐地生活，教会你理解别人的感受。

quietly安静地；happily快乐地；lazily懒惰地；busily忙碌地。根据“Learning how to…pets, understanding what they want and making sure that they live…”可知，此处指了解宠物的需求，确保宠物能够快乐生活。故选B。

【20题详解】

句意：宠物还可以帮助你在散步时认识其他养狗的人，或者在你讲宠物的趣事时帮助你和他们成为朋友。

friends朋友；relatives亲戚；trainers教练；members成员。根据“Pets can also help you get to know other dog owners”可知，此处指养宠物会帮助你与其他宠物主人结交，成为朋友。故选A。

**B**

Traditional Chinese medicine (TCM) is magic to me. My interest in it came from my \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_. Years ago, I often had headaches, and my life was seriously influenced. I \_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_ many different methods. However, none of them \_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_. Luckily, I met with a doctor of TCM during my trip in China. He advised me to take some Chinese medicine. So I did. To my surprise, my \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_ was gone within a week.

Later, I found that TCM could be of great help to some \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ lasting for a long time, such as sleeping problems or physical pains. The \_\_\_\_26\_\_\_\_ methods in TCM also took my wife’s interest. With her \_\_\_\_27\_\_\_\_, I’m running a website to introduce TCM. I want to help people understand that if they have some \_\_\_\_28\_\_\_\_ problems, they can try TCM.

All these experiences with TCM led me to \_\_\_\_29\_\_\_\_ ancient Chinese philosophy (哲学), for many of TCM ideas, such as *yin* and *yang*, and *qi*, were \_\_\_\_30\_\_\_\_ inspired (启发) by it. Since then, I have stepped onto the road to learning about Chinese culture.

21. A. habit B. education C. service D. experience

22. A. reported B. tried C. kept D. taught

23. A. worked B. started C. failed D. appeared

24. A. wealth B. courage C. chance D. pain

25. A. illnesses B. hobbies C. projects D. abilities

26. A. expensive B. helpful C. social D. blind

27. A. check B. worry C. support D. doubt

28. A. health B. food C. family D. job

29. A. drop B. write C. study D. create

30. A. recently B. rapidly C. suddenly D. directly

【答案】21. D 22. B 23. A 24. D 25. A 26. B 27. C 28. A 29. C 30. D

【解析】

【导语】本文讲述了作者的头痛在中医的治疗下恢复并开始学习中国古代哲学的故事。

【21题详解】

句意：多年前，我经常头痛，生活受到严重影响。

habit习惯；education教育；service服务；experience经历。根据“Years ago, I often had headaches, and my life was seriously influenced”以及下文可知，这是介绍作者的经历，故选D。

【22题详解】

句意：我尝试了许多不同的方法。

reported报告；tried尝试；kept保持；taught教。根据“... many different methods. However, none of them ”可知，作者尝试了很多不同的方法治疗头痛，故选B。

【23题详解】

句意：然而，它们都不起作用。

worked起作用；started开始；failed失败；appeared出现。根据“However, none of them...”可知，这些方法都不起作用，故选A。

【24题详解】

句意：令我惊讶的是，我的疼痛在一周内消失了。

wealth财富；courage勇气；chance机会；pain痛苦。根据“He advised me to take some Chinese medicine.”可知，作者看了中医后，头痛消失了，故选D。

【25题详解】

句意：后来，我发现中医对一些长期的疾病有很大的帮助，比如睡眠问题或身体疼痛。

illnesses疾病；hobbies爱好；projects项目；abilities能力。根据“such as sleeping problems or physical pains”可知，这些都属于长期疾病，故选A。

【26题详解】

句意：中医有用的方法也引起了我妻子的兴趣。

expensive昂贵的；helpful有帮助的；social社会的；blind盲的。根据“took my wife’s interest”结合上文介绍作者的头痛在中医的帮助下治好了可知，这种方法是有用的，故选B。

【27题详解】

句意：在她的支持下，我经营了一个介绍中医的网站。

check检查；worry担心；support支持；doubt怀疑。根据“took my wife’s interest”可知，作者的妻子支持作者，故选C。

【28题详解】

句意：我想帮助健康的人明白，如果他们有问题，他们可以尝试中医。

health健康；food食物；family家庭；job工作。根据“they can try TCM”可知，有健康问题可以尝试中医，故选A。

【29题详解】

句意：所有这些中医的经历促使我学习中国古代哲学，因为中医的许多思想，如阴阳和气，都是直接受到它的启发。

drop掉落；write写；study学习；create创造。根据“ancient Chinese philosophy (哲学)”可知，作者开始学习中国古代哲学，故选C。

【30题详解】

句意：所有这些中医的经历促使我学习中国古代哲学，因为中医的许多思想，如阴阳和气，都是直接受到它的启发。

recently最近；rapidly快速地；suddenly突然地；directly直接地。根据“for many of TCM ideas, such as *yin* and *yang*, and *qi*, were...inspired (启发) by it.”可知，中医的许多思想都会直接受到中国古代哲学的启发，故选D。

**VII. 补全对话（共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分）**

根据对话内容，从选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，其中有两个为多余选项。

A: Good afternoon. How can I help you?

B: Hello. \_\_\_\_31\_\_\_\_

A: Are you thinking about a bus tour or a boat tour?

B: A bus tour. \_\_\_\_32\_\_\_\_

A: Outside the hotel

B: Oh, perfect. \_\_\_\_33\_\_\_\_

A: At 6 o’clock in the morning. The bus leaves every hour. Here’s some more information.

B: Thank you. \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_

A: You don’t have to. You can just wait outside the hotel.

B: Got it. \_\_\_\_35\_\_\_\_ Thank you very much.

A: You’re welcome. Enjoy your tour!

A. I’ll just wait there.

B. How about the price?

C. Do I have to book a seat?

D. When is the earliest bus?

E. Where shall I get on the bus?

F. I’ve enjoyed the city very much.

G. I’d like to go on a tour of the city.

【答案】31. G 32. E 33. D 34. C 35. A

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了B想游览这个城市，A给B提供了一些信息。

【31题详解】

根据“How can I help you?”以及“Are you thinking about a bus tour or a boat tour?”可知此处表示自己想要游览，选项G“我想去游览这座城市”符合语境。故选G。

【32题详解】

根据“Outside the hotel.”可知此处询问地点，选项E“我在哪里上车”符合语境。故选E。

【33题详解】

根据“At 6 o’clock in the morning. The bus leaves every hour.”可知此处询问公交车的时间，选项D“最早的公共汽车是什么时候”符合语境。故选D。

34题详解】

根据“You don’t have to. You can just wait outside the hotel.”可知此处询问自己是否必须要做某事，选项C“我必须预订座位吗”符合语境。故选C。

【35题详解】

根据“You can just wait outside the hotel.”以及“Got it”可知此处表示自己会在旅馆外等待，选项A“我就在那里等着”符合语境。故选A。

**第三部分阅读（共两节, 满分40分）**

**VIII. 阅读理解（共20 小题; 每小题2分, 满分40分）**

**第一节阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的A、B、C、 D四个选项中选出最佳选项.**

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| WATER SAFETY FOR ALL  Genson DPE teaches life-saving skills FOR ALL. Join us in July for Family Water Safety Education and our yearly Safety Around Water Program. |
| Family Water Safety Education  Time: 5:30~7:30 p. m. FREE for DPE members  Monday, July 8: Reach or Throw, Don’t Go Community: $10 a day for a family  Wednesday July 10: Life Jackets and Boating  Friday, July 12: Open Swim Parent MUST be in the pool!  Sunday, July 14: Celebration! |
| Safety Around Water Program  Time: 4:45~5:15 p. m. For children aged 11~14  5:30~6:00 p. m. REGISTER NOW  6:15~6:45 p. m. GensonDPE. com  July 22~25, 2024 Contact: Andy Markham  Email: andy@gensondpe.com |

※ Notes: 1. register (登记) 2. contact (联系)

36. When is the Celebration?

A. On Sunday. B. On Monday. C. On Wednesday. D. On Friday.

37. At what age can a child join in Safety Around Water Program?

A. 6. B. 8. C. 10. D. 12.

38. What can we learn about Genson DPE?

A It keeps open all year round. B. It teaches life-saving skills.

C. It provides free programs for all. D. It has two programs every day.

【答案】36. A 37. D 38. B

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇应用文，介绍了家庭水上安全教育、水上安全计划项目。

【36题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Sunday, July 14: Celebration!”可知，庆典在星期天举行。故选A。

【37题详解】

细节理解题。根据Safety Around Water Program中“For children aged 11~14”可知，11-14岁的儿童可以参加水上安全项目。故选D。

【38题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Genson DPE teaches life-saving skills FOR ALL.”可知，Genson DPE教授救生技能。故选B。

**B**

It’s always a good thing to have a hobby. For Miss Patty, a school bus driver in Erie County, her hobby of knitting (编织) has made her really touch the community.

Miss Patty always wanted to do something with her spare time to help the students. After a conversation with one of the students, things took a turn from knitting one hat to knitting more hats.

“The one boy gets on the bus, and he goes ‘what are you doing?’ I said, ‘I’m making a hat. He said, ‘That would be great having such a warm hat in icy winter.’ So I said, ‘What color would you like?’ That started everything,” Miss Patty told the local newspaper.

Several years have passed since that day, and Miss Patty has already knitted 7, 083 hats for students in her spare time. Sometimes she will get the student’s favorite color before she begins the project.

What is more moving is that Miss Patty buys all the materials (材料) using her own money. Some people do give her gift cards around the holidays to help, but she still puts out a lot of her own money.

Along with making hats for the students that will keep them warm, Miss Patty also gets praise for being a trusted friend to the students.

39. What made Miss Patty decide to knit more hats?

A. A drive to Erie County. B. A show of colorful hats.

C. A letter in the newspaper. D. A conversation with a boy.

40. Why does Miss Patty knit so many hats in her spare time?

A. To practice her skill. B. To better her business.

C. To make more friends. D. To gift students for winter.

41. What makes Miss Patty’s act more moving?

A. She refuses others’ help.

B. She buys materials with her own money.

C. She works during holidays.

D. She knits hats of different colors for kids.

42. Which of the following best describes Miss Patty?

A. Humorous. B. Honest. C. Caring. D. Shy.

【答案】39. D 40. D 41. B 42. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文，主要介绍了一位校车司机在业余时间用自己的爱好为学生们编织帽子的故事。

【39题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段“That started everything”可知，Patty小姐在和一个小男孩谈话之后决定开始编织更多帽子。故选D。

【40题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段“Miss Patty always wanted to do something with her spare time to help the students”及第四段“and Miss Patty has already knitted 7, 083 hats for students in her spare time”可知，Patty小姐编织如此多的帽子是为了帮助学生们，让学生们度过温暖的冬天。故选D。

【41题详解】

细节理解题。根据第五段“What is more moving is that Miss Patty buys all the materials (材料) using her own money.”可知，Patty小姐更让人感动的是，她用自己的钱买编织帽子的材料。故选B。

【42题详解】

推理判断题。通读全文可知，Patty小姐用自己的业余时间给学生们编织帽子，故可知她是关心他人的。故选C。

**C**

During their busy lives, people do not pay much attention to the expiry dates (有效期) on the food in their fridges. As a result, a lot of food is forgotten about and wasted. However, according to a recent research, being aware of (意识到) what you throw away can help you waste less.

The researchers measured (计量) food waste from 154 families across the UK. Half of these families in the research were asked to list the fruits and vegetables they had bought and their expiry dates. The families stuck the list on the fridge door and received a text message every day telling them to check it. The other half did not have to make a list and did not receive text messages. Over a six-week period, all the families were asked to measure their food waste at the end of each week.

The researchers were surprised to find that making lists and getting texts made little difference to how much food was wasted. However, each family in the research wasted less food—about 0.1 kilo a week.

The researchers carried on the research for six months, and found that all the families continued to waste less food. This shows that just measuring food waste encourages people to pay closer attention to it and throw less away.

43. What does the underlined word “it” in paragraph 2 refer to (指的是)?

A. The research. B. The list. C. The door. D. The message.

44. What is introduced in paragraph 3 about the six-week research?

A. Its purpose. B. Its method. C. Its steps. D. Its results.

45. Which of the following is the best title (标题) for the text?

A. Measure Food Waste to Stop It B. Pay Attention to What You Buy

C. Check the Food Before Storing It D. Give Thought to Your Busy Life

【答案】43. B 44. D 45. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，主要介绍了一项关于减少食物浪费的研究。

【43题详解】

推理判断题。根据“The families stuck the list on the fridge door and received a text message every day telling them to check it.”可知，这些家庭把食物清单贴在冰箱门上，并且被要求每天检查。故此处it指代上文中提到的“清单”。故选B。

【44题详解】

细节理解题。通读第三段可知，本段主要介绍了研究的结果。故选D。

【45题详解】

最佳标题题。根据“This shows that just measuring food waste encourages people to pay closer attention to it and throw less away.”及全文可知，文章介绍了一项关于食物浪费的研究，研究发现，只要监测食物浪费情况就可以减少食物的浪费，故文章最佳标题是“Measure Food Waste to Stop It”。故选A。

**D**

If you get angry many times in a day, it is time for you to think about how to deal with it. Here are some of my suggestions.

When you are angry, try to tell yourself through another voice that you are angry and that it is not a bad thing. It just shows that you have different ideas. Accept that many things are not 100% right or wrong. In our communication with others, the final purpose is not to decide who is right and who is wrong, but to look for something in common.

If you still feel strong anger, try taking a deep breath (呼吸) and let anger out of your body along with the breath. Don’t say angry words when you are very angry, for you will regret saying them when you cool down.

Discussing with a third party is helpful. It is hard for the two parties in anger to understand each other, but the idea of an outsider can help both parties to get mutual (相互的) understanding.

Anger is just one of the many emotions (情绪) that make us human, and to well manage it adds to our ability to truly understand the world.

46. What is the final purpose of communication with other people?

A. To show different ideas. B. To look for something in common.

C. To accept useful suggestions. D. To decide whether one is right or not.

47. What does the writer advise us to do when we can’t cool down?

A. Say angry words. B. Try taking a deep breath.

C. Control our voices. D. Stop talking with others.

48. What does the underlined word “party” in paragraph 4 mean?

A. An activity. B. A visitor. C. A person. D. A meeting.

49. What is the text mainly about?

A. How to manage anger. B. How to show feelings.

C. How to deal with regrets. D. How to understand the world.

【答案】46. B 47. B 48. C 49. A

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了如何处理生气这种情绪。

【46题详解】

细节理解题。根据“the final purpose is not to decide who is right and who is wrong, but to look for something in common”可知，最终目的不是决定谁对谁错，而是寻找共同之处。故选B。

【47题详解】

细节理解题。根据“If you still feel strong anger, try taking a deep breath (呼吸) and let anger out of your body along with the breath. ”可知，应该要深呼吸，故选B。

【48题详解】

词义猜测题。根据“but the idea of an outsider can help both parties to get mutual (相互的) understanding.”可知，局外人的想法可以帮助双方获得相互理解，所以这里指的是第三方人，故选C。

【49题详解】

主旨大意题。根据“If you get angry many times in a day, it is time for you to think about how to deal with it. Here are some of my suggestions.”可知，本文主要介绍了如何处理生气这种情绪。故选A。

**E**

Dennis Hong and his students design (设计) human-like robots. This includes a cooking robot called Project YORI. YORI is only the latest of Hong’s robot inventions. There’s DAVID, the world’s first and only car that can be driven by the blind. And SAFFiR, a two-legged robot that can do dangerous work that humans are often unable to do. Hong is finding plenty of work for his robots.

When he was asked about his biggest success, Hong chose the robot called DARwIn-OP. He thought it was one of the most widely used human-like robots for research and education. Hong’s team made DARwIn’s design free for anyone to use. They have seen many projects using the design. And they consider it a gift to the robotics community.

“Many people only want to see our successes and not the failures that came before those, but failure is simply a stepping stone in developing new technology. If you’re too afraid of failure, then you only get to walk on the safer side, and then there’s no innovation (创新),” said Hong. “I tell my students to try breaking the robot. If the robot doesn’t fall and doesn’t break, we don’t get to learn anything.”

50. Which robot is the most recent invention by Dennis Hong’s team?

A. YORI. B. DAVI. C. SAFFiR. D. DARwIn-OP.

51. What is special about DARwIn according to the text?

A. Its technology is the latest. B. It is a popular robot for the blind.

C. It is the first human-like robot. D. Its design is free for anyone to use.

52. What does Dennis Hong encourage his students to do?

A. Walk on the safer side. B. Do more for education.

C. Keep trying and learning. D. Avoid making mistakes.

【答案】50. A 51. D 52. C

【解析】

【导语】本文主要介绍了丹尼斯·洪和他的学生设计的类人机器人。

【50题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Dennis Hong and his students design (设计) human-like robots. This includes a cooking robot called Project YORI.”可知，YORI是丹尼斯·洪的团队最近发明的。故选A。

【51题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Hong’s team made DARwIn’s design free for anyone to use.”可知，它的特殊之处在于它的设计对任何人都是免费的。故选D。

【52题详解】

推理判断题。根据“If you’re too afraid of failure, then you only get to walk on the safer side, and then there’s no innovation (创新)”和“I tell my students to try breaking the robot. If the robot doesn’t fall and doesn’t break, we don’t get to learn anything.”可推断出，丹尼斯·洪鼓励他的学生不断尝试和学习。故选C。

**第二节 阅读下面短文, 并用英语回答问题（请注意每小题的词数要求）.**

**F**

My family has always had family dinners, as far as I can remember. Since I was a little boy, my mother has insisted (坚持) that we attend family dinners at least once a week. Every Sunday, my mother would prepare a lot of food and bring it to my grandma’s house. We would wait for more family members to come before eating together at the table, my grandma’s dinner table.

I used to feel that was a silly little tradition. But now I find it’s fantastic to get together as a family to talk about anything and everything after a long week of school and work. Every time I sit at the dinner table, my grandma’s dinner table, I look around and find so many people who truly love me. It’s a love that feels so good. For me, dinner is not just a meal, but a chance to reconnect with each other.

I finally realize the true meaning of this tradition. It’s not about the dinners or activities. It’s about family a group of people who care about each other. All the memories (记忆) around my grandma’s dinner table will last forever.

Now, I’m always expecting Sunday to arrive.

53. How often do the writer’s family members get together for dinner?（不超过5个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

54. What does dinner mean to the writer?（不超过10个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

55. Why is “my grandma’s dinner table” mentioned several times in the text?（不超过10个词）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】53. At least once a week./Every Sunday.

54. It is a chance to reconnect with each other.

55. Because it is the place full of family love.

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文，讲述了作者一家的家庭聚餐传统。每周至少一次的家庭聚餐代表了家人之间的关爱。

【53题详解】

根据“Since I was a little boy, my mother has insisted (坚持) that we attend family dinners at least once a week. Every Sunday, my mother would prepare a lot of food and bring it to my grandma’s house.”可知，作者一家每周至少一次/每个星期天家庭聚餐。故填At least once a week./Every Sunday.

【54题详解】

根据“For me, dinner is not just a meal, but a chance to reconnect with each other.”可知，对作者来说，家庭聚餐是一个与家人互相重新建立联系的机会。故填It is a chance to reconnect with each other.

【55题详解】

通读全文可知，文章多次提到“祖母的餐桌”，是因为家人们每周至少一次的家庭聚餐就是在祖母家，在祖母家的餐桌上，这是一个承载着家人们关爱的地方。故填Because it is the place full of family love.

**第四部分 写（共两大题, 满分25分）**

**IX. 单词拼写（共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分）**

**根据首字母及汉语提示, 完成下列单词的拼写, 使句意明确, 语言通顺.**

56. The lake area is r\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (丰富) in wildlife and draws lots of people.

【答案】(r)ich

【解析】

【详解】句意：湖区野生动物丰富，吸引了很多人。rich“丰富的”，形容词；be rich in“在……充足，富有……”。故填(r)ich。

57. My teacher’s words in the last lesson filled my h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (心) with warmth.

【答案】(h)eart

【解析】

【详解】句意：上节课老师的话让我心里充满了温暖。心：heart，此处用名词单数。故填(h)eart。

58. Every t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (学期) is a new beginning for all the students and teachers.

【答案】(t)erm

【解析】

【详解】句意：每一个学期对所有的学生和老师来说都是一个新的开始。term“学期”，可数名词。由“is”可知，term用其单数形式。故填(t)erm。

59. Jo had her first t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (品尝) of Anhui cuisine (Huicai) during her travel in Huangshan.

【答案】(t)aste

【解析】

【详解】句意：在黄山旅行期间，乔第一次尝到了徽菜。taste表示“品尝”，此处是名词作宾语。故填(t)aste。

60. The Shenzhou-17 team h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (交) over their work to the Shenzhou-18 team on April 30th.

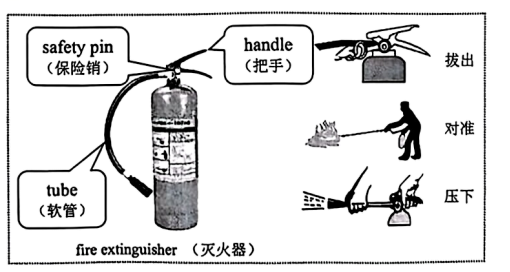
【答案】(h)anded

【解析】

【详解】句意：4月30日，神舟十七号团队将工作移交给了神舟十八号团队。根据首字母及汉语提示可知，此处是hand over“移交，转交”，动词短语。结合“on April 30th”可知，时态是一般过去时，谓语动词用其过去式。故填(h)anded。

**X. 书面表达（共1小题; 满分20分）**

61. 假设你是李辉，上周你在学校举行的 “消防安全日” 活动中学会了灭火器的使用方法。请结合下图信息，写一篇英语短文，给校英文报投稿。



要点:

1. 活动目的；

2. 灭火器的使用方法；

3. 你的体会。

注意:

1. 短文须包含上述要点，可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

2. 文中不能出现真实姓名和学校名称；

3. 词数80~100（首句已为你写好，不计入总词数）

Last week, our school carried out Fire Safety Day activities. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】例文：

Last week, our school carried out Fire Safety Day activities. The purpose was to draw our attention to fire safety. Among the activities, how to use a fire extinguisher interested me most.

When we use a fire extinguisher, we should first shake it after picking it up, and then pull off the safety pin quickly. As soon as we point the tube at the root of the fire, we are expected to press down on the handle until we put out the fire. During the period, we should be careful enough not to get hurt.

From the activities I’ve learned a lot and realized the importance of fire safety.

【解析】

【详解】**[总体分析]**

①题材：本文是看图作文；

②时态：一般过去时，一般现在时

③提示：结合图示信息，注意不要遗漏信息，可适当补充细节。

**[写作步骤]**

第一步，首先介绍上周学校举行的 “消防安全日”，点明活动的目的；

第二步，具体介绍灭火器的使用方法；

最后，表达个人从这次活动中得到的感悟体会。

**[亮点词汇]**

①draw one’s attention 吸引某人的注意

②pick up 捡起

③pull off 拔出

④as soon as 一……就……

⑤put out 扑灭

**[高分句型]**

①When we use a fire extinguisher, we should first shake it after picking it up, and then pull off the safety pin quickly.（when引导时间状语从句）

②As soon as we point the tube at the root of the fire, we are expected to press down on the handle until we put out the fire.（as soon as引导时间状语从句）